



Helianthus annuus

# Musicbox

Item no.: HA1001R



- Medium-sized flower heads on dwarf plants
- Suitable as bedding plant, pot plant or cut flower
- Mixture of light yellow, golden yellow and brown shades
- Lateral branching
- Flower size up to 5.5" (14 cm)

<b>Crop Time</b>	Spring: 10 - 12 weeks
<b>Height ♂</b>	26 " / 65 cm
<b>Flower Size ♂</b>	6 " / 14 cm
<b>Exposure</b>	Sun
<b>Seed Form</b>	Raw Seed
<b>Product Use</b>	Bedding, Cutflower

## TECHNICAL GUIDE

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### Usage

Plants for bedding, cut flower production

### Sow time

Indoor forcing: March-August; sowing in intervals Outdoor forcing: April-Mid July

### Sowing method

1-2 seeds per plug, sowing directly into field is recommended

### Germination

5 days at 65-75 °F (18-24 °C). Stage II 70 °F (21 °C). Supplemental lighting during germination and plug production to control seedling stretch is beneficial to overall crop quality. For Stage III & IV reduce temperatures to 62 °F (17 °C), and begin feeding at 100-150 ppm nitrogen.

### Growing on

Direct sow seed or transplant at two true leaf stage. Continue feeding at 100 ppm nitrogen weekly. Maintain temperatures above 62 °F (17 °C) for improved branching and overall quality. Fertilize weekly at 200-250 ppm nitrogen. Avoid excessive phosphorus.

### Media

Field: Before sowing treat substrate with herbicide or fight the weeds mechanically and fertilize the field. The seeds should develop without any plant concurrence. Standard fertilization: 100-120 g/m<sup>2</sup> of a slow release fertilizer. Greenhouse: Use a well-drained, growing substrate with 15-30 % clay, 1-3 kg/m<sup>3</sup> complete balanced fertilizer, 0-2 kg/m<sup>3</sup> slow release fertilizer (3-6 months), iron-chelate, micronutrients, pH: 5.5-6.2.

### Temperature

Field: cultivation is possible from April onwards. Grow at 15-18 °C. Cultivate flowering plants not below 12 °C. Helianthus plants do not tolerate frost.

### Fertilization

Field: N min soil value: approximately 150 g/m<sup>2</sup>. Avoid high nitrogen levels in soil. Temperatures below 10 °C can be a cause for iron and phosphate deficiency. Greenhouse: High fertilization levels are required. Fertilize the crop weekly with 200-250 ppm nitrogen, using a potassium balanced fertilizer (N: K<sub>2</sub>O-ratio: 1:1,5). Avoid high ammonium and high nitrogen levels. Prevent magnesium deficiency by applying magnesium sulphate (0,05 %) 1-2 times and in case of iron deficiency apply iron-chelate for 1-2 times.

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Stage I Starts with the radicle breaking through the testa. The roots are touching the medium. Ends with fully developed cotyledons.

Stage II Starts from fully developed cotyledons. Ends with the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair.

Stage III Starts from the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair and ends with 80% of the young plants being marketable.

Stage IV All young plants are ready for sale and in the process of being hardened off. This stage lasts about 7 days.

The cultural recommendations are based on results from trials conducted under Central European conditions. Different conditions in other parts of the world may lead to deviations in results achieved.

## COLORS OF THE SERIES

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